Agricultural Innovation Systems

Introduction

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What is **Innovation?**

What is the role of Extension/ RAS in Innovation?



Changing views on Innovation and Extension

- 1960s –Innovation as a new technology developed by scientists transferred by extension to farmers (R-E-F)
 - Extension- Disseminate/Communicate new knowledge
- 1970s- Different type of innovation- farmers also innovate, institutional innovations too
- 1980s- Innovation as an outcome of interaction among different stakeholders (AKIS)
 - Extension to facilitate innovation





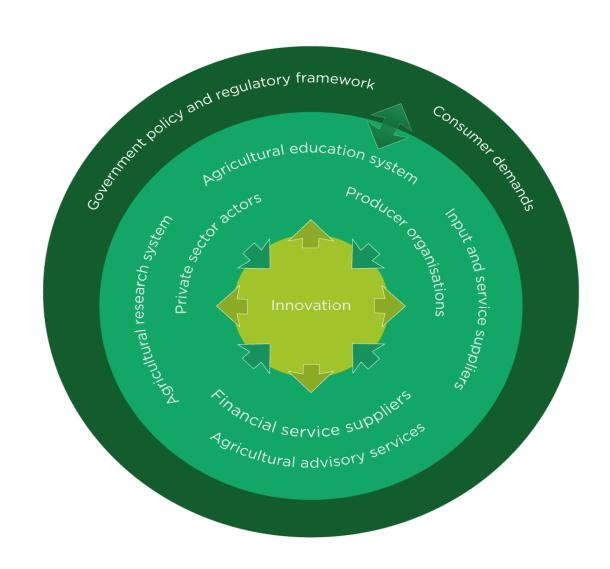




New understanding of innovation and Extension (from 2000 onwards)

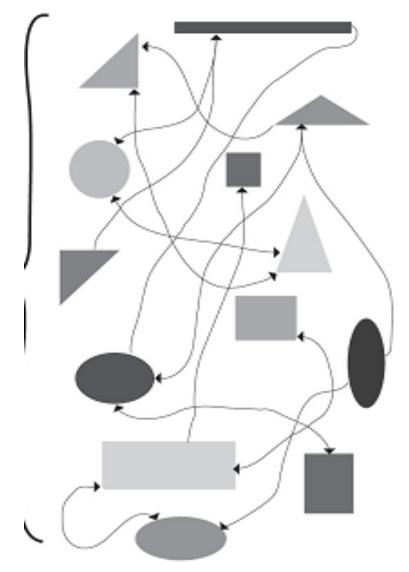
Innovation is a process of generating, accessing and putting knowledge into use

Extension to play a connecting role to catalyse innovation



What we mean by innovation now?

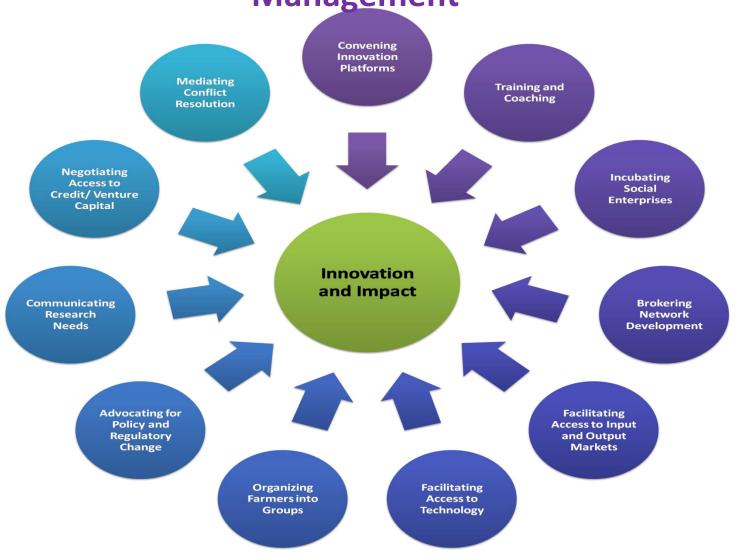
- Innovation happens when different pieces of knowledge, technology and information are put together in context specific and socially embedded ways
- Transferring invention is not enough for innovation

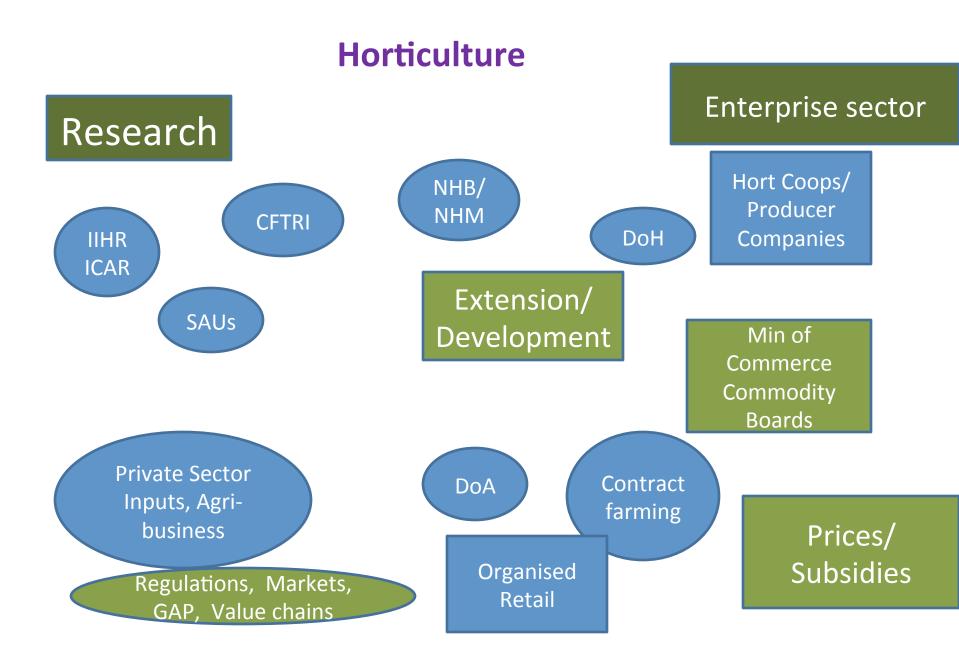




Agricultural Innovation System-actors Demand Domain Consumers, Processing companies, Commodity markets, policy bodies **Enterprise Domain** Research **Intermediary** Pvt Domain **Domain** Producers, R&D Commission agents, Input agencies, NGOs. Transporters, **Extension** Services **Processors** (Min/Dept of Ag **NARS** Dept of A.H) Producer Research Council & associations Agrl/Vet. Uty's Trader associations Consultants Donors Entreprenurs Other public sector R&D **Support Structures** Financial institutions, Transport and marketing Infrastructure, Professional networks,

Putting new knowledge into use: Innovation Management

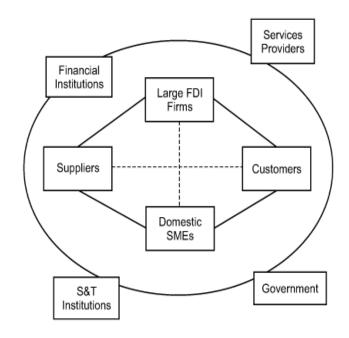






AIS- Main attraction

- It recognizes innovation as a process of generating, accessing and putting knowledge into use
- Interaction and knowledge flows among different actors
- Institutions matter-habits and practices shape the nature of these interactions
- Policy and the enabling environment are critical





Why AIS? Need new frameworks

 New challenges beyond productivity

 We need <u>new frameworks</u> to address new challenges

 "Innovation Systems" offers a potentially useful framework for analysis (of existing situation) and (identifying appropriate) intervention







Putting AIS into practice

- Diagnosis of Innovation Capacity: Who does what and how they are related or not related?
- Promote interaction and Knowledge flows among actors
 - Innovation Platforms
 - Innovation brokering
 - Innovation grants
 - Innovation management
- Facilitating policy changes
 - Policy working groups
 - Sector coordination agencies
 - Innovation support facility



RAS within AIS

 RAS- a very important actor within AIS

 It should play more of a connecting role among the different actors

- Need new capacities at different levels
 - Individuals
 - Organisational
 - Enabling environment





The "New Extensionist": Roles, Strategies, and Capacities to Strengthen Extension and Advisory Services

Global Forum for Rural Advisory Services November 2012



Strengths

 AIS recognise the importance of different actors and the complementary knowledge they hold

 It recognises the importance of institutional and policy changes to promote interaction

- AIS is helping RAS to reinvent more relevant roles
 - from technology delivery to enabling innovation
- It highlights the importance of developing new capacities within RAS to play these roles



Challenges

AIS is not a blueprint for organising innovation as many believe

 Tendency to cherry pick ideas such as innovation platforms without considering the institutional changes needed

Limited competencies to manage innovation



Thanks

