

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC



The Hanoi Statement and Rural Advisory Services and Agricultural Innovation Systems

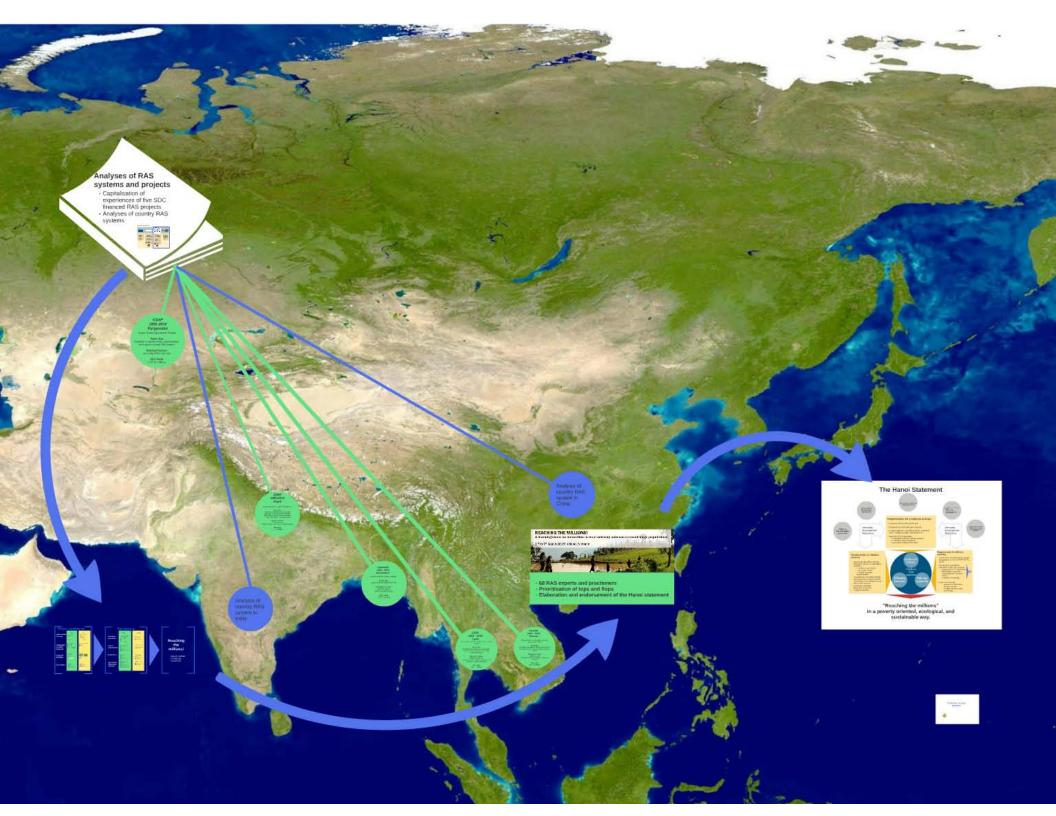
A Synthesis of the SDC face-to-face Workshop on RAS in Hanoi, 2015

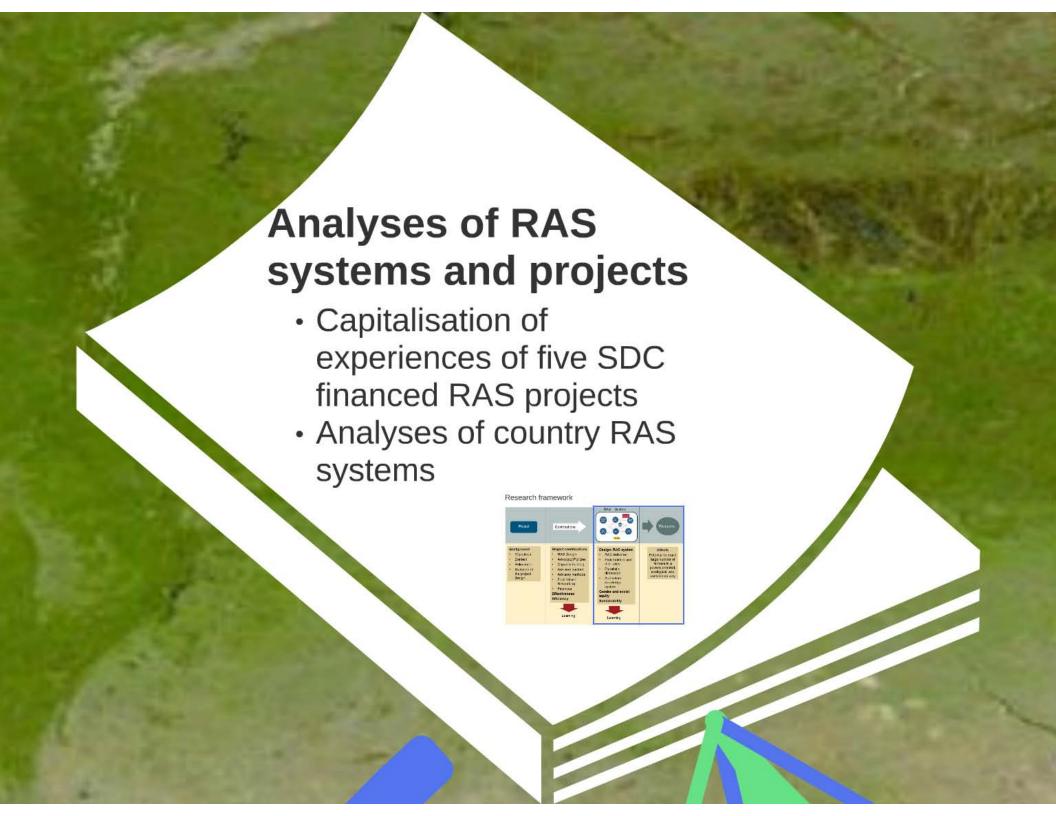


Stefanie Kaegi Advisor Sustainable Agriculture and Value Chains

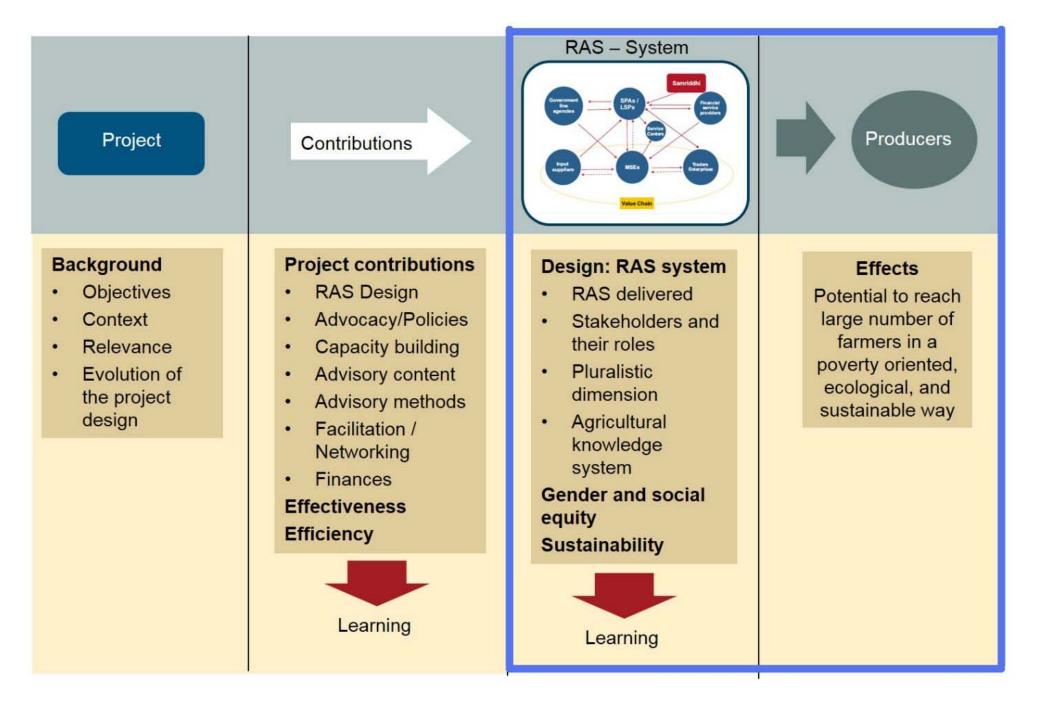
GFRAS Annual Meeting 15. September 2015

Issyk Kul, Kyrgyzstan

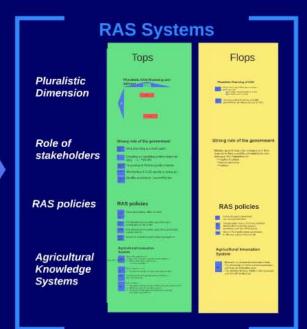




Research framework







Reaching the millions!

- poverty orientedecologicallysustainably

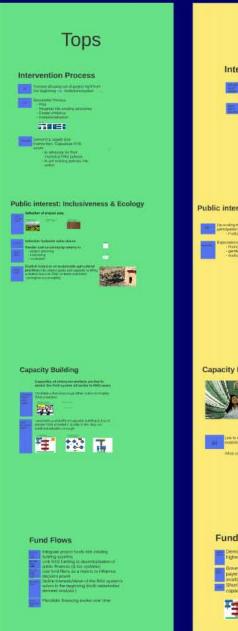
Project contributions

Intervention Process

Integration of public interests

Capacity Building

Fund flows





RAS Systems

Pluralistic Dimension

Role of stakeholders

RAS policies

Agricultural Knowledge Systems

Tops



Strong role of the government

RAS planning & coordination

Creating an enabling environment for RAS → Policies

Financing of RAS in public interest

Monitoring of RAS quality & outreach

Quality assurance / accreditation

RAS policies

Conducive policies often do exist

RAS stakeholders need the capacities to put existing policies into action

RAS stakeholders need the capacities to participate in policy making

Donors successfully support policy development

Agricultural Innovation System

Role of private sector

Provide increased on inputs and output marks

auth

Participatory Technology Development (PTD) is a
very element of AIS

Role of donors

Strengthen linkages between RAS & (partic

Build capacities in the public interest
 Facilitate and strenghten participatory technologing

Flops

Pluralistic financing of RAS

As long as donor funds are available, governments are reluctant to pay for RAS.

Strong role of the government

Whether governments play a strong role in RAS depends on their capability and priorities to take over such role. Depending on:

- · Fragility of context
- Financial potential
 Priorities

RAS policies

Policy dialogue is often taken over by projects/donors

Strengthening "Voice" of farmers and RAS stakeholders is typically a project contribution and not a RAS activity

Voice of RAS stakeholders and farmers to influence policies remain weak

Agricultural Innovation System

Research is not directed to farmers needs
 The knowledge of farmers is underestimated and thus not sufficiently used.

and thus not sufficiently used

The potential of mass media is little assessed and not sufficiently used

Reaching the millions!

- poverty oriented
- ecologically
- sustainably

RAS Systems

Pluralistic Dimension

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Agricultural Innovation System

India s in I<mark>ndien</mark> Role of the government

- Education of private and public input suppliers
- Offer mobile phone applications
 - Voice messages

Samriddhi China India Role of private sector

Provide knowledge on inputs and output markets

SSMP

Participatory Technology Development (PTD) is a key element of AIS

All

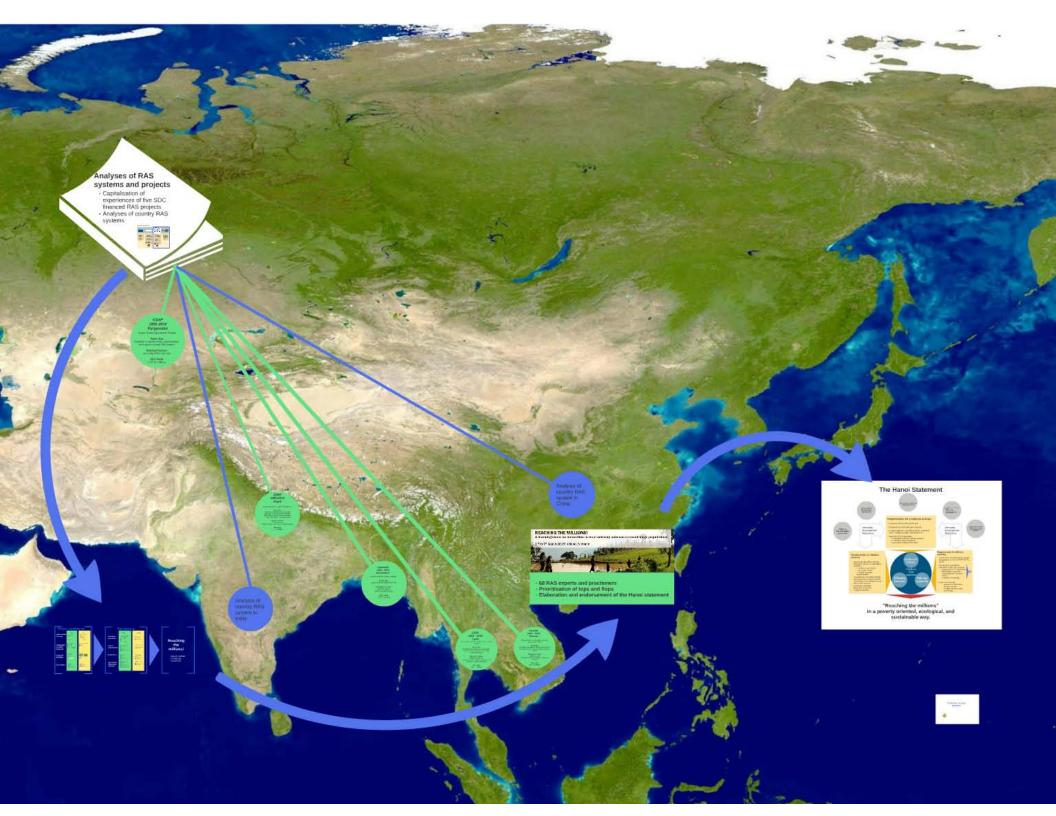
Role of donors

- Strengthen linkages between RAS & (participatory) resea
- Build capacities in the public interest
- Facilitate and strenghten participatory technology/ innovation development

Agricultural Innovation System

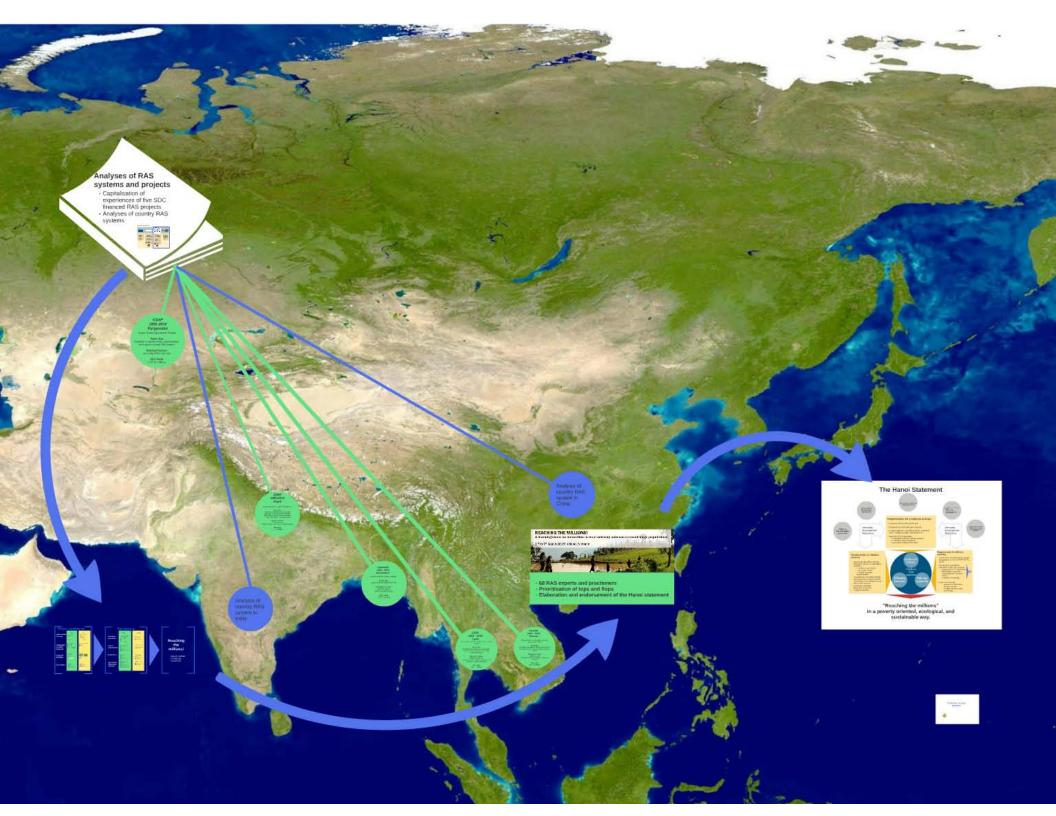
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- 68 RAS experts and practioners
- Prioritisation of tops and flops
- Elaboration and endorsement of the Hanoi statement



The Hanoi Statement

Address the demand and supply side of RAS Use fund flows effectively and purposefully Requirements for conducive policies · Conducive and inclusive governance Support continuous and · Transparent and inclusive policy process Overseas Overseas Strive to development of RAS Development Development · Coherent policies to strengthen private investment providers institutionalise and to mitigate ecological and social risks approaches Assistance Assistance Capacities of RAS providers · to contribute to policy making processes · to strengthen voice of farmers · to put existing policies into action Requirements for delivery capacity Requirements for effective demand Continuous / institutionalised capacity Conducive development of RAS providers on five · Awareness about RAS services **Policies** · Strengthened voice of agricultural Strengthened agricultural producers innovation system with focus on · to enhance social equity Pluralistic networks of RAS stakeholders to articulate demand RAS · intermediation between · to strengthen policy knowledge and innovation implementation Systems bearers · Interventions in the public interest Effective Delivery · indigenous knowledge are financed from public finances, Capacity interventions in the private interest Demand · Reach scale through: from private finances. · increased collaboration · Increased consumers' between sectors demand for social and · modern communication ecological products technology

"Reaching the millions" in a poverty oriented, ecological, and sustainable way.

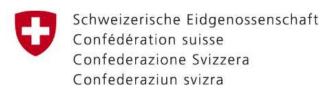
- Continuous / institutionalised capacity development of RAS providers on five levels
- Strengthened agricultural innovation system with focus on
 - networks of RAS stakeholders
 - intermediation between knowledge and innovation bearers
 - indigenous knowledge
- Reach scale through:
 - increased collaboration between sectors



- How to strengthen networks of RAS providers?
- How to strengthen RAS providers to identify knowledge bearers and to work as intermediary?
- What motivates RAS providers to make use and to promote indigenous knowledge?

Thank you for your attention!





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